

# PUSHING THE ENVELOPE OF MIXED METHODS EVALUATION TO LEARN FROM IMPACT STUDIES

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# FOUR ORGANIZING PRINCIPLES

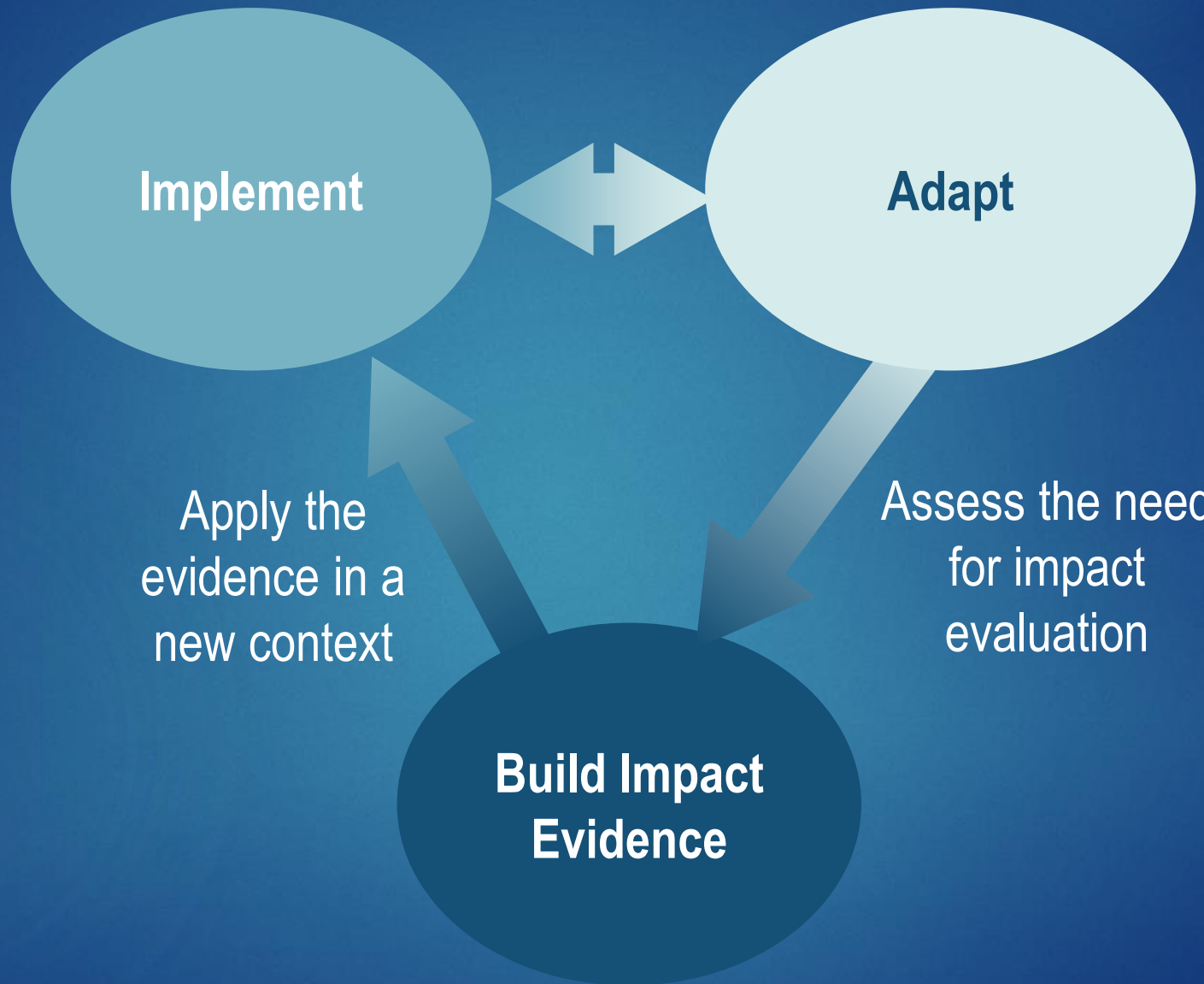
- **Design** mixed method impact studies to understand effectiveness and inform future improvement
- **Decide** on a deep dive that will inform the field
- **Distinguish** between studying the program model and its implementation
- **Deploy** integrated and iterative data collection and analysis approaches

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~~Does this program work?~~

How can this study provide an empirically-based road map for greater impact the ***next time*** this strategy is implemented?





# Fidelity

We often need to ask **what** was intended and **whether** it was implemented as planned

- Was the intervention implemented as intended?
- What were the roadblocks? What challenges did the staff face in implementation?

# Beyond fidelity

Asking questions about **how** may be more likely to inform future improvement

- How does this model propose to change people's behavior or outcomes?
- How do these potential mechanisms differ from business as usual?
- How does implementation or responses of participants vary depending on characteristics of participants, front line staff, implementation organizations, communities, systems, or policies?

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DEEP DIVE:

THE THEORY OF CHANGE

“UNDERSTANDING MECHANISMS”

# EXAMPLE: Making Pre-K Count

- Scant research on model's key component, differentiated instruction
- Research challenge: Document an individualized process
- Solution: Observations followed immediately by teacher interviews to hear teachers' reflections on their process

## EXAMPLE: Making Pre-K Count

- Findings: Teachers had more difficulty differentiating instruction for low-skilled students
  - Impact study: Larger impacts for students with higher skills
  - Implication: Teachers may need different support to differentiate instruction for low-skilled students:

# DEEP DIVE:

## EMBED TESTS THAT SYSTEMATICALLY VARY IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGIES

➤ Example: Paycheck Plus

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Interventions often aim to change the behavior or outcomes of two different sets of people – program staff and participants

## Implications:

- Be intentional about which level(s) of the theory of change your study aims to illuminate
- Your data collection and analysis may require different units of analysis – entire program; individual staff members; or individual participants

# Example: Head Start CARES

Implement new social-emotional curriculum in preschool

Train and coach teachers on the curriculum



Children experience more activities about identifying and understanding their emotions



Improved social emotional outcomes for children

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# EXAMPLE: PACE Center for Girls

- Research challenge: How to estimate costs for different program components?
- Mixed methods approach:
  - Conducted initial site visits to understand program components
  - Used that information to define program components in time-use surveys
  - Concluded that social services (and not other components) were much more intensive for the program group than the control group

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